

RELIGION NO BAR TO JOY IN LIFE

Miss Burner Appeals to Girls to Join in Christianity's Work.

ADJOURNMENT TO DAY

Six-Day Convention of Young Women Ends With Address on China To-Night.

To an audience of 3,000 girls and women at the City Auditorium yesterday afternoon, Miss Olopho Burner, of New York, secretary to the national board of the Young Women's Christian Association, addressed a strong appeal for a closer union with the humanity and religion exemplified by the life and work of Jesus Christ, and for a broader sympathy with the men and women that people the world.

Miss Burner named her address, "As a Girl Wins." She developed the idea that a merely passive willingness to live a life of good and service can lead to nothing. The richer existence that comes to the girl who associates herself with true Christianity, and thereby attains to a life full of interest and joy, she said, can be obtained only by the active and striving will for such a life.

Association with Christ, she said, does not mean divorce from pleasure and diversion. The fear of losing these things has kept many girls from associating themselves with religious forces. The idea is erroneous, said Miss Burner, as those who have taken the step have found.

For a broader sympathy. Miss Burner addressed herself particularly to the young girls who formed a large part of the audience. She spoke in an easy conversational manner, drawing frequently upon personal experiences and observations to illustrate her points. To those who have been accustomed to regard the religious and serious life as one barren of interest and pleasure, she extended an invitation to affiliate themselves with Christ's workers, and find their mission.

The new life, said Miss Burner, will bring a richer sympathy with all the peoples of the earth. The street car conductor will become more than just a man who starts the car too soon; he will become a brother, a friend, a man with whom you can sympathize and interest.

At the conclusion of Miss Burner's address, Miss Ethel Cutler, secretary for the national board of the Young Women's Christian Association, added an invitation to the girls to join the present as had been imbued by the talk with new ideas to associate themselves with the organization. A score or two responded to the appeal, and came forward to meet the officers after the audience left.

Miss Grace H. Dodge presided over the meeting, and a chorus from the Richmond Young Women's Christian Association aided in singing the hymns. Miss Ethel Cutler read from the scriptures, and made the opening prayer. Miss Lucy A. Gwathmey sang a solo.

Adjournment To-Night. The fourth biennial convention of the Young Women's Christian Association will adjourn after the final session to-night at St. Paul's Episcopal Church. The address of the evening will be made by Rev. Frank W. Bible, of Hanchow, China, on the subject "China, a New World in the Making."

This morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, there will be a business session at St. Paul's. Mrs. Seabury Cone Mastick, of New York, will present the report of the commission on the training of volunteer workers. The afternoon session will begin at 2:30 o'clock and will be given up to three speakers, who will discuss the association's work in England.

The speakers and subjects at the afternoon session will be: Miss Elizabeth Trillick, of London, "The Work of British Women at Home"; Miss Pictou-Turberville, of London, "The British Contribution to the World's Young Women's Christian Association"; and Mrs. Charles Spence, of London, "Our Generation and Our Vocation."

NEGROES MEET TO-NIGHT

Bishop Walters, of New Haven, will address the True Reformers. Bishop Alexander Walters, of New Haven, Conn., will address the meeting of the Richmond Division of the Grand Fountain, United Order True Reformers, which will take place to-night at 8:30 o'clock at the City Auditorium. Bishop L. J. Coppin, of Philadelphia, Pa., who is here for the meeting, preached yesterday morning at the Third Street A. M. E. Church, and made an address encouraging the work of this colored order.

Arrangements for the meeting were completed Saturday night at a meeting of the committee in charge, which is headed by James W. Poe, editor of the Reformer, as chairman. Separate accommodations will be provided for white people who attend the meeting.

SAYS HE WAS HELD UP

Man Tells Police Three White Men Knocked Him Down and Robbed Him. A. W. Crain, of 1428 West Clay Street, yesterday reported to the police of the Second District that he was assaulted Saturday night at 11 o'clock by three unidentified white men in an alley between Jefferson and Adams Streets and Main and Cary. He said he was knocked down and held by two of the highwaymen, while the third stole his watch and chain, valued at \$15. He could not furnish a good description of the footpads.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND
1117 E. MAIN ST.

Start the week right and open a savings account with us. One dollar starts you.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY FOR POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS

LAWMAKERS' STAD ON ALLEN APPEALS

Majority of Members of Legislature Did Not Answer Request of House Clerk.

OPINIONS VARIED GREATLY

Half of the Respondents Favored and Half Opposed Commutation of Sentence.

One of the most interesting chapters in the history of the attempts to secure executive clemency for Floyd and Claude Swanson Allen, is to be found in the efforts made to interest members of the General Assembly, with the results. This part of the proceedings has never been published, except the announcement that legislators had been approached on the subject.

George O. Greene, of Clifton Forge, assistant clerk of the House of Delegates, was the moving spirit in the unusual proposal to have the lawmakers express themselves to the Governor in behalf of the Allens. The fact that members of the Legislature would be asked to express a new page in Virginia public affairs.

It seems that sixty-three of the 128 members responded, with varying results. A majority—seventy-five—appears not to have answered the circular letters sent by Mr. Greene. There are two vacancies.

Green Is Rebuked. Some of them were made indignant by the proceedings. C. M. Lunsford, of Botetourt, wrote the assistant clerk that he was very much surprised at his action in trying to get legislators to express themselves in such a matter. W. A. Willero, of King William, said he was sorry to see Mr. Greene take such a part.

It was not for the Governor nor consistent with the duty of a citizen and lawmaker to take a hand, said John Rutherford, of Gloucester. L. J. Bain, of Southampton, said it was not right for members to ask for clemency in a matter left to the Governor.

Senator J. Powell Royall, of Tazewell, replied that the law should take its course, and that he believed the good people of his section were of this opinion. B. Roberts, of Mecklenburg, thought there should be some sympathy with the victims of the Hillsville tragedy, who seem to have been forgotten.

Thought It Improper. Senator J. Randolph Tucker, of Bedford; Senator J. D. Blanks, of Mecklenburg, and Hill Montague, of Richmond, said plainly it was not proper for members of the Legislature to interfere. John Roberts, of Washington, said he was in the same position.

C. J. Meete, of Prince William, replied that he was attending to his own business, and not seeking pardons. J. R. Kemper, of Augusta, declined to express himself. So did C. E. Old, of Norfolk County.

Senator Edmund Part, of Patrick, believed the Carroll shooting the worst crime ever committed, and was rather indignant at the efforts put forth for the men. S. T. Rakes, member of the House, from the same county, said he had not heard of the Allen case discussed among his people.

The reply of Senator Charles U. Gravatt, of Caroline, was to the effect that he did not subscribe to the doctrine of the recall of court decisions. John W. Chalkley, of Wise, expressed the opinion that it would be a mistake to commute the sentences. Senator Howell C. Faison, of Campbell, deplored the sentiment of Senator Allen as likely to bring laws into disrepute.

"Blackest Page." The Hillsville shooting was the blackest page in the history of the Commonwealth, in the judgment of A. R. Martin, of Campbell. Senator J. E. R. of Suffolk, said emphatically that he would have nothing to do with it. He would have nothing to do with it. He would have nothing to do with it.

Colonel John S. Harwood, of Richmond, refused to take part, as did Senator John A. Lester, of Norfolk County. John C. Eitz, of Madison, said he would not advise the Governor. Mr. Williams, of Giles; T. K. Row, of Orange, and A. J. Terrell, of Buckingham, declined to ask for commutation.

A. M. Bowman, of Norfolk County, a veteran chairman of the House Finance Committee, opposed the movement, saying 90 per cent of the people believed the sentences given to the Allens too light.

Many Favorable Opinions. On the other hand, there were those who favored commutation. Joseph Stebbins, Jr., of Halifax, asked if he would have anything to do with it. C. T. Bowers, of Culpeper, and W. C. Moore, of Wythe. Captain W. W. Baker, of Chesterfield, thought the sentences warranted mitigation for the sentences given to the Allens for execution. Others who favored commutation were: Senator P. H. Drexler, of Petersburg (based on what the papers had said); W. H. Ewing, of Prince Edward; W. N. Brown, of Danville; T. J. Stratton, of Appomattox; Senator George T. Rison, of Pittsylvania; Captain John A. Curtis, of Richmond; J. T. Malbon, of Princess Anne; N. E. Spaworth, of Craig; J. C. Christian, of Middlesex; D. A. Kinney, of Franklin; S. M. Fulton, of Grayson; Senator Sands Gayle, of Buckingham; S. H. Love, of Lunenburg; T. E. Clarke, of Dinwiddie; W. N. Tiffany, of Fauquier; R. O. Norris, of Lancaster; R. E. Borden, of Shenandoah; Thomas Brown, of Westmoreland; H. R. Housh, of Hampton; B. D. Adams, of Charlottesville; J. J. Stratton, of Appomattox; M. P. Taylor, of Scott; Duke Colquhoun, of Bedford; W. P. Massie, of Amherst; W. Stanley Burt, of Surry; William Watts, of Roanoke; Rev. E. C. Buck, of Washington; Senator A. R. Hobbs, of Prince George; and S. P. Mustard, of Tazewell.

HONOR EGLESTON

Subscription Dinner To-Night at Jefferson Hotel. Show Public Esteem. More than 100 leading educators and public men of the South will take part in a subscription dinner to-night at the Jefferson Hotel, in honor of Joseph D. Eggleston, president-elect of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute. Chairman Jackson Davis has received fully 100 replies, and no doubt incoming men will file their names to-day.

It is intended that this affair shall show the appreciation felt for Mr. Eggleston's services to the cause of public education in Virginia and the nation, as Superintendent of Public Instruction in this State and supervisor of rural schools for the United States Department of Education. Several speakers will respond to toasts.

JOSEPH DOPE RAPS NEW CRAZE FOR CUBIST COLLARS

Brought Up to Dress Stylish, but Refuses to Fall for Minstrel Neck Linen That Wanders Over Vest to Fourth Rib.

"Believe me," said Joseph Dope last night, speaking slowly and carefully in the full knowledge that his remarks would be published, "I was brought up all my life to dress stylish. I was the first one in Henneracker to wear peg-leg pants, when they came out in 1905, and the first to quit wearing 'em for the Robert E. Lee, but I'll be dinged if I fall for those Cubist collars."

Business of looking surprised on the part of his interviewer followed with the query: "Cubist collars?"—English inflection. "Is it possible that you ain't heard of the Cubists?" asked Mr. Dope, with a look of pained surprise. "Never heard of 'em," said the interviewer. "Venne, Herr Kutt, and them other ginks that paint women going down stairs in sections? Say, don't you read the Sunday newspapers?"

Not a read. But what has that to do with Cubist collars—what's the answer? "It was just getting to 'em," said Mr. Dope. "You don't give me time to explain. Them collars I was telling you of was wore to this country recently by Marse L. Du Shampoo, the King of the Cubists, and now the whole United States of North America, including Richmond, Virginia, has gone nutty about 'em. I seen a thousand on Broad Street to-day. They are one inch in the back and ten inches in front, and the corners run clean down to the fourth rib."

"Now, I am just as strong for art as the next man, but I ain't going to join the Cubist-Collar Club. Long lines and anguliforms are all right for fishing, but I don't want any minstrel neck linen wandering over my vest. A collar is for necks. When I want to protect my shirt, I can use napkins."

V. M. I. MAY GET BELATED DAMAGE

Du Pont Reintroduces Bill in Senate, and Will Press Consideration.

Washington reports indicate that the extra session of Congress will act before adjournment upon the bill introduced jointly by Senator Du Pont, of Delaware, and Congressman Flood, of Virginia, appropriating the sum of \$214,723.62 to reimburse the Virginia Military Institute for the damage and destruction of its library, scientific apparatus and professors' quarters, on June 12, 1864.

The bills were first introduced during the last Congress, on December 17. At the beginning of the special session which convened on April 7, yesterday afternoon, the bill was introduced by Senator Du Pont, of Delaware, and Congressman Flood, of Virginia, appropriating the sum of \$214,723.62 to reimburse the Virginia Military Institute for the damage and destruction of its library, scientific apparatus and professors' quarters, on June 12, 1864.

The Washington Post in a recent editorial recommends to the Senate that while it is waiting for the House to send over the tariff bill, it occupy itself with the consideration and passage of the bill providing for reconstruction to the Virginia Military Institute for the wanton destruction of its plant under orders from General Hunter, commanding the United States forces. With regard to the advocacy of the measure by the Delaware Senator, the editorial says:

"Although he served on the Union side in the engagement which resulted in the destruction of part of the Virginia Military Institute, Senator Du Pont has been generous enough to admit that there was little excuse for bombarding the institution of learning, which, under the rules of war, should have been exempt from attack. Coming from one of the men on the Union side, this effort to reimburse the Southern institution should be accepted by the Senate as a chance to put in evidence the broadmindedness to-day exists between the North and South."

Accused of Resisting Officer. When William H. Blair, colored, was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Holt for being drunk and disorderly, he offered stout resistance. The additional charge of resisting an officer was lodged against him at the Second Police Station.

Miss Wilson Calls on Miss Josephine

Eight-Year-Old Richmond Girl Wrote President and Urged It, and Now She's Happy. The proudest and happiest little girl in Richmond is Josephine Blair, daughter of Lewis H. Blair. For among her social callers Saturday was Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the President of the United States.

Josephine is eight years old, and takes the keenest interest in politics. She will be well qualified for the ballot when her time comes to wield political power. She watches the newspapers and knows about public men.

When Mr. Wilson was nominated, she had no vote to cast for him. She admitted she had no vote to cast for him. She admitted she had no vote to cast for him. She admitted she had no vote to cast for him.

Reading in the papers that Miss Jessie was coming to Richmond, Josephine wrote a letter to the President, and addressed him instead of his daughter. "MR. WILSON," she said, "I SHOULD LIKE SO MUCH TO SEE MISS JESSIE. YOU TELL HER TO COME TO SEE ME."

The President tipped his daughter off, so when she came, she called Miss Josephine up. This was followed by a social call, Miss Blair receiving her visitor in state. The visitor, who is now willing to vote for Miss Jessie.

In Meeting Here

and in voicing their ideas for public benefit and better social development, the leaders in Y. W. C. A. work have done this city a real service.

These splendid women are attacking vast problems at the roots, applying to their tasks the greatest of all instruments—COMMON SENSE—and applying it in a masterly way. A brilliant speaker, in deploring the lavish expenditure on non-essentials, said:

"With but little effort it is possible to call to mind striking proofs of the absence of a sense of the significance of beauty of thrift as a guiding principle in the life of women to-day. 'If this costly tendency exists, are we not, as a preventive organization, under serious obligation to do what we can to create wiser social sanctions making for true thrift? The association can at least recognized forms of extravagance and expect from those in sympathy with its aims a mode of life consistent with a saner standard of expenditure. This would involve intelligent and conscientious apportionment of outlay on personal and household items; a reasonable allowance for self-improvement, including recreation, AND A FAIR AND REGULAR DEPOSIT ON SAVINGS ACCOUNT.'"

To the young women of Richmond we wish to emphasize her words, and offer them the services of the

American National Bank
of Richmond, Virginia.

CANDIDATE MYERS GIVES PLATFORM

Favors Abolition of Fee System, Local Option, Tax Reform, Treasury Reserve.

PRIMARY QUESTION ARISES

Some City Committee Candidates Did Not File Names With Court Clerk.

First of the Richmond candidates for the Legislature to announce his platform, Captain William M. Myers is out in a detailed statement. He favors local option, tax reform, abolition of the fee system, working convict labor on the roads, a reserve in the State treasury and liberal pension appropriations.

Captain Myers has been widely known in political, military and business circles in Richmond for years. Up to Saturday morning he had not thought of becoming a candidate for the House of Delegates, but filed his name for the City Democratic Committee. Such pressure was brought to bear on him to run that at last he consented, his friends first obtaining the consent of the directors of the concern with which he is associated.

Born in Richmond, he was educated largely in Greensville County. His father, Captain W. M. Myers, was commander of the Roanoke Artillery, in the Carolina, in the War Between the States, and a business man here afterwards. He began to learn the business of the Roanoke Artillery, in the Carolina, in the War Between the States, and a business man here afterwards.

He is a member twenty-three years, having served as captain of the battery for the past twelve years.

Here is his platform: "The liquor question I favor local option, believing this, with the best restrictive laws, to be the best method of dealing with the problem."

"I think the fee system of payment for public officers should be abolished, root and branch, and salaries substituted. 'We should never make another contract for convict labor, and there should be a law to prevent its possibility. It has been demonstrated that road work is best for the convict and for the State."

"I favor tax reform, and hope the time will soon come when each county and city will pay its own primary charges. This would deal the fee system a deadly blow and lay the foundation, in less than two years, for a cut of at least 10 cents on the \$100 in the State tax rate."

"I believe the State should have a reserve fund of at least \$500,000 and should stop spending the surplus as it is received. 'I favor liberal appropriations for the Confederate soldiers, with such an arrangement as will give the most efficient relief to the veterans. The other candidates will be asked to define their stand on public questions. These will be stated to a great extent in meetings of political clubs within the next sixty days, at which the men who seek to represent the people will be asked to speak."

Question About Committee. Some discussion has arisen in regard to the fact that only part of the candidates for the City Democratic Committee filed their names with the clerk of the Hustings Court. It is the understanding of Chairman Miles M. Martin that the committee will not accept positions need only give notice to the committee. Major Martin himself, with Dr. Charles V. Carrington and other members, did not see the court clerk.

This brings up a new argument in connection with the Byrd-Featherston primary law. That act says that the general laws relating to holding of elections, giving ballots and other matters shall apply to primaries, but does not say the same thing as to printing. Further, it requires that the primary ballots are to be printed and delivered to the judges of the election by the city or county committee.

On the other hand, it is specified that the ballots "shall be official." To make an official ballot, it is necessary that the seal of the Electoral Board be affixed, and this seal is in the custody of the secretary of the board, nobody else having a right to use it. If the committee can print the ballots, it will put all the names on it. If the Electoral Board prints them, it is a question whether or not it can add the names of men not filed with the clerk of the court.

However, since all names were put in in good faith, it is to be supposed some way will be found to give everybody the same chance, and it is doubtful if any one will be found to raise a question.

ROYAL ARCANUM IN ANNUAL SESSION

Dinner To-Day to Supreme Installing Officer—Council Meets To-Morrow. The thirty-ninth annual session of the Grand Council of Virginia, Royal Arcanum, will begin at noon to-morrow at Murphy's Hotel. An attendance of at least 100 is expected.

The executive committee of the grand council will meet at noon to-day. At 2 o'clock the committee will give a luncheon at Murphy's in honor of the visiting officers. The committee chairman of the council is Dr. J. C. Starnes, of Norfolk, supreme representative; Minnie F. Fikes, of Richmond, past grand regent; P. G. Sayre, of Hampton, grand vice-regent; James B. Blanks, of Petersburg, grand secretary; A. B. Botte, grand treasurer, and J. L. O'Connor, of Portsmouth.

In his annual report, Grand Regent R. C. Starnes will emphasize the gratifying growth of the order in Virginia during the past year. This State now has more than 6,500 members, and is the leader with the exception of a few of the larger States.

Rev. F. T. McFadden, D. D., of Richmond, supreme regent of the order and its highest officer in the United States, will attend the sessions of the State grand council.

For Style and Comfort
Wear Holeproof Hose
Light Weights are in, and are shown in Black, Tan and Blue. Each pair protected by a six months' guarantee.
Gans-Rady Company

THREATEN DEFEAT OF JUDGE STAPLES

Allen Sympathizers Oppose Roanoke Man as Judge Buchanan's Successor.

According to general report, the Allen case is to play its part in the selection by the next Legislature of a judge of the Supreme Court of Appeals, to succeed Judge John A. Buchanan. Some of the Allen sympathizers are threatening the defeat of Judge Waller R. Staples, of Roanoke, one of the men prominently mentioned, because of what they say was bias on his part against the Carroll men.

Judge Staples did not thank the Corporation Court of Roanoke, went to Hillsville the morning after the tragedy, at the request of the Governor, at a time when no one knew what fresh dangers he might face, and opened court there, reestablishing order. He was then favorably in the public eye.

He refused later to join in the petitions for commutation of sentence for Floyd and Claude Swanson Allen. Friends of the Allens also say that after the last trial of Sidna, when he was merely found guilty of manslaughter, Judge Staples did not thank the jury for its attention to public business, as he had done with all the other juries, and this is taken to indicate his position.

Judge Staples, a leading citizen of the Southwest, soldier, lawyer, Congressman, will complete his present term on February 1, 1915, when he will have served twenty-three years and one month, and he has announced his determination to retire at that time.

Several Possibilities. Men mentioned in connection with the position of judge of the Supreme Court are Judge Frank B. Hutton, of the Tenth Circuit; Judge Waller R. Staples, of the Corporation Court of Roanoke; Judge Joseph L. Kelly, of the Corporation Court of Bristol; Judge Thomas W. Harrison, of the Seventeenth Circuit; John L. Jeffries, of Norfolk, and Judge H. A. W. Skeen, of the Twenty-fourth Circuit.

Among the five great divisions of the State—Tidewater, Piedmont, Southwest, Valley and Northwest. So strong has this precedent been that it defeated the late Judge Archer A. Phlegar, one of the most distinguished lawyers of the State. He was appointed by the Governor to succeed Judge John W. Riley, of Halifax, but when the Legislature met he was displaced by Judge Stafford G. Whittle, from the Southside, the feeling being that the Southwest should not have two members, and the Southside none.

This would seem to indicate that the judgeship will probably go to some point from Roanoke, and the reservation; let us have no evasions. Let us fly no false flag. If we have ceased to believe in an outgrown dogma, let us honestly discard it. If we see new constellations of truth rising above our horizon, and shining with new and glorious light in our skies, let us show the fact frankly and in language which all men can understand.—Unitarian Publicity Committee.—Advertisement.

Paragraph Pulpit

Sincerely. Let us be sincere in our teaching. Let us indulge in no reservations; let us have no evasions. Let us fly no false flag. If we have ceased to believe in an outgrown dogma, let us honestly discard it. If we see new constellations of truth rising above our horizon, and shining with new and glorious light in our skies, let us show the fact frankly and in language which all men can understand.—Unitarian Publicity Committee.—Advertisement.

How About That Trip Abroad?

Let us make your reservations. We represent all lines. GOOD, BETTER AND BEST. Prompt and efficient service. THE RICHMOND TRANSFER CO., 800 East Main Street. "Time and Trouble Savers."

Richmond Corrugated Paper Company

Manufacturers CORRUGATED BOXES, WRAPPERS, PARTITIONS, Etc. 817-819 N. Seventeenth St., Works, Monroe 3271.

Readers and Boosters

WANT Ad readers are Want Ad boosters. They can't help it. Ask their advice about where and how to find a room, an apartment, a store to buy, a business partnership to form, a profitable position, and they always preface their advice by this question: "Have you used a Want Ad?"

If you haven't used the Wants they will proceed to tell you that your time and effort have been wasted.

The Wants make a direct appeal to those who WANT, and those who want are open to conviction, and particularly the conviction of the Want Ads.

There are thousands who read the Want Ads every day.

The Royal Laundry
M. B. Florshelm, Proprietor, 811 N. Seventh St., Richmond, Va.

Impress This On Your Mind
THAT
G. M. Co.'s Pearl I. C.
(Old Style—Re-dipped)

Roofing Tin
IS BEST.
Gordon Metal Co.
14th and Dock Sts., Richmond, Va.

PHOTOGRAPHS
FOSTER
112 N. 9th